

Rhode Island Department of Health
NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

The Director of the Rhode Island Department of Health has under consideration the *Rules and Regulations for Licensing Analytical Laboratories (R23-16.2-A/LAB)* proposed to be re-titled *Rules and Regulations for Certifying Analytical Laboratories (R23-16.2-A/LAB)* promulgated pursuant to the authority conferred in Chapters 23-16.2 and 42-35 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as amended. Generally, these regulations have been revised pursuant to Public Law 03-072 enacted by the Rhode Island General Assembly on June 27, 2003.

Notice is hereby given in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 42-35 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as amended, that the Director will hold a public hearing on the above mentioned matter, in the AUDITORIUM of the Cannon Building (on the lower level), Rhode Island Department of Health, 3 Capitol Hill, Providence, Rhode Island on **THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23, 2004 at 10:00 A.M.** at which time and place all persons interested therein will be heard. The seating capacity of the Cannon Building room will be enforced and therefore the number of persons participating in the hearing may be limited at any given time by the hearing officer, in order to comply with safety and fire codes.

In the development of the rules and regulations, consideration was given to the following: (1) alternative approaches; (2) overlap or duplication with other statutory and regulatory provisions; and (3) significant economic impact on small business, as defined in Chapter 42-35 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as amended, which may result from the regulations. No alternative approach or duplication or overlap was identified based upon available information. The health, safety, and welfare of the public precludes any economic impact that may be incurred as a result of these regulations.

For the sake of accuracy, it is requested that statements to be made relative to any aspect of the regulations, including alternative approaches, overlap, or significant economic impact, be submitted in writing at the time of the hearing or mailed prior to the hearing date to: Patricia A. Nolan, M.D., M.P.H., Director, Rhode Island Department of Health, #401 Cannon Building, 3 Capitol Hill, Providence, Rhode Island 02908-5097.

Copies of the regulations are available for public inspection in the Cannon Building, Room #404, Rhode Island Department of Health, 3 Capitol Hill, Providence, Rhode Island or on the Department's website: www.health.ri.gov/hsr/regulations/index.php by calling 401-222-1039, or by e-mailing: LizS@doh.state.ri.us.

The Cannon Building is accessible to the handicapped. Individuals requesting interpreter services for the hearing impaired must notify the Office of Health Services Regulation at 401-222-1600 (Hearing/speech impaired, dial 711) at least 72 hours prior to the hearing.

Signed this 12th day of November 2004

Patricia A. Nolan, M.D., M.P.H.
Director of Health

RULES AND REGULATIONS
FOR ~~LICENSING~~CERTIFYING
ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES
(R23-16.2-A/LAB)

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS

Department of Health

September 1984

As Amended:

September 1987

November 1996

**January 2002 (re-filing in
accordance with the provisions of
section 42-35-4.1 of the Rhode
Island General Laws, as amended)**

October 2004 (Proposed)

COMPILER'S NOTE:

Proposed Additions: Underlined

Proposed Deletions: Strikeouts

INTRODUCTION

These amended rules and regulations are promulgated pursuant to the authority conferred under section 23-16.2-5 of the General Laws of Rhode Island, as amended, and are established for the purpose of adopting minimum standards for ~~licensure~~certification of analytical laboratories ~~that analyze potable water, non-potable water or other environmental matrices~~ for the protection of the health, safety and welfare of the public.

The proper operation of laboratories ~~and stations~~ within the state is a matter of vital concern to the health and safety of the state. The determination and enforcement of proper standards ~~is necessary to insure~~ensure the qualifications ~~and competence~~ of personnel in the laboratories ~~and stations~~ and to ~~insure~~ensure the adequacy of equipment ~~and~~, ~~facilities~~facilities, ~~and quality are necessary to assurance~~programs required ~~the for the operation of~~ ~~of the laboratories and stations~~analytical ~~in laboratories in~~ order to promote the general welfare.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 42-35-3(c) of the General Laws of Rhode Island, as amended, the following issues were considered in arriving at the amended regulations: (1) alternative approach; (2) duplication or overlap with other state regulations; and (3) significant economic impact which would be placed on facilities through the amended regulations. No alternative approach, duplication or overlap was identified. Furthermore, the protection of the health, safety and welfare of the public necessitates the adoption of these amended regulations, despite the economic impact ~~that may be incurred~~ as a result.

These amended regulations shall supersede ~~all previous *Rules and Regulations for Licensing Analytical Laboratories*~~any previous rules and regulations pertaining to the licensure or certification of analytical laboratories promulgated by the Department of Health and filed with the Secretary of State.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

PART I ~~LICENSING~~CERTIFICATION PROCEDURES & DEFINITIONS

- 1.0 Definitions
- 2.0 General Requirements
- 3.0 Application for ~~License~~Certification
- 4.0 Issuance of a ~~Certificate~~ and Renewal of ~~License~~ Certification
- 5.0 Inspections
- 6.0 Denial, Suspension or Revocation of ~~License~~Certificate

PART II ORGANIZATION & MANAGEMENT

- 7.0 Governing Body and Management
- 8.0 ~~Director of Laboratory~~Laboratory Management
- 9.0 Personnel
- 10.0 Records and Reports

PART III QUALITY ASSURANCE PROGRAM~~PROGRAM~~ & QUALITY CONTROL PROGRAM

- 11.0 General Requirements
- 12.0 Procedure Manual
- 13.0 Collection, Identification & Examination of Samples
- 14.0 Other Applicable Regulations
- 15.0 ~~Methodologies for Quality Control~~Proficiency Testing

PART IV PHYSICAL PLANT & EQUIPMENT

- 16.0 ~~Physical Facility, Equipment & Supplies~~
- 17.0 ~~Fire & Safety~~Safety and Security
- 18.0 Waste Disposal

PART V PRACTICES & PROCEDURES, VIOLATIONS & SEVERABILITY

- 19.0 Variance Procedure
- 20.0 Violations
- 21.0 Rules Governing Practices & Procedures
- 22.0 Severability

APPENDIX "A"

REFERENCES

PART 1 ***Licensing Certification Procedure & Definitions***

Section 1.0 ***Definitions***

Wherever used in these rules and regulations the following terms shall be construed to mean:

- ~~1.1~~ ***"Accredited"*** means to be recognized as conforming to a standard by an accrediting organization (i.e., NELAP approved accrediting authorities, American Industrial Hygiene Association [AIHA]).
- ~~1.1.1~~ ~~1.2~~ ***"Act"*** means the Laboratory Act of Chapter 23-16.2 of the General Laws of Rhode Island, as amended, entitled, "Laboratories."
- ~~1.2.1~~ ~~1.3~~ ***"Analytical laboratory"*** means a facility for the biological, microbiological, chemical, physical and radiochemical examination ~~of food, surface water, recreational water, air, wastewater, potable water, and sewage, swimming pools, solid waste, hazardous waste, minerals, soil, sediment or other non-potable or water or other environmental matrices.~~
- ~~1.4~~ ***"Analytical reagent grade, (AR) grade, ACS reagent grade, and reagent grade"*** mean reagents that conform to the current specifications of the Committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society (ACS).
- ~~1.5~~ ***"ASTM"*** means the American Society for Testing and Materials
- ~~1.6~~ ***"Applicant"*** means a laboratory applying to the Department to become a certified analytical laboratory.
- ~~1.7~~ ***"Certification"*** means the determination by the Department of Health that an analytical laboratory is capable of performing specific tests or analyses of environmental samples in accordance with the requirements of these rules and regulations.
- ~~1.8~~ ***"Certified thermometer"*** means a thermometer that has documentation from the manufacturer that it has been calibrated by NIST.
- ~~1.9~~ ***"Class 'A' glassware"*** means glassware satisfying the applicable requirements for Class "A" glassware established by NIST.
- ~~1.10~~ ***"Compliance analysis or testing"*** means the analysis of a sample that is required by law or regulation.
- ~~1.11~~ ***"Department"*** means the Rhode Island Department of Health.
- ~~1.3.1~~ ~~1.2~~ ***"Director"*** means the Director of the Rhode Island Department of Health.
- ~~1.4~~ ***"Licensing agency"*** means the Rhode Island Department of Health.
- ~~1.6~~ ***"State agency"*** means the Rhode Island Department of Health.
- ~~1.6.1~~ ~~1.3~~ ***"EPA"*** means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

- ~~1.71.14~~ ***“NELAC”*** means National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Conference, a voluntary organization endorsed by the EPA which sets performance standards for the operation of environmental laboratories.
- ~~1.81.15~~ ***“NELAP”*** means National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program, which implements the NELAC standards and evaluates the accrediting authority programs.
- ~~1.91.16~~ ***“NPDES”*** means National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, a program of the EPA.
- ~~1.101.17~~ ***“NIST”*** means National Institute of Standards and Technology, an agency that sets accuracy standards for laboratory equipment and accredits proficiency test providers.
- ~~1.111.18~~ ***“NVLAP”*** means National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program, a voluntary program for accrediting environmental laboratories and proficiency testing providers to NELAC standards.
- ~~1.121.19~~ ***“Persons”*** means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association, or joint stock ownership.
- ~~1.131.20~~ ***“Proficiency testing sample” or “PT sample”*** means a subsample of a matrix containing analytes of a concentration unknown to the laboratory that is used to evaluate the performance of its analytical systems. Proficiency testing samples shall be obtained from a provider that is NIST/NVLAP accredited.
- ~~1.141.21~~ ***“Quality assurance” or “QA”*** means the integrated system of operations and measurements performed to assure that data meets defined standards of quality within a stated level of confidence.
- ~~1.151.22~~ ***“Quality control or QC”*** means the practice of standardized operations or measurements that determine or predict aspects of data quality.
- ~~1.161.23~~ ***“Standard Methods”*** means the textbook entitled *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*, published by the American Public Health Association, that contains applicable methodologies referenced by the EPA and the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) parts 136, 141 and 143.

Section 2.0 ***General Requirements***

- 2.1 It shall be unlawful for any analytical laboratory person, corporation or other form of business entity to perform analytical laboratory services on samples collected in this state, or to own, conduct or maintain an analytical laboratory testing or analyses of samples originating in this state, for which the Department requires certification, without a license obtaining certification pursuant to the requirements of section Title 23 Chapter 23-16.2-4 of the ACT and the rules and regulations herein unless exempt in accordance with section 2.1.1 (below) RI General Laws, as amended.
- 2.1.1 The provisions of these rules and regulations shall apply to all analytical laboratories and stations performing analytical laboratory services on specimens collected in this state except food preparation or processing establishments performing analysis to determine the

quality of their own products.

2.2 ~~Certification for specific analytes and methods shall be required for laboratory testing of potable water, non-potable water and environmental samples for lead content. Certification for potable water are required whenever a laboratory performs analytical tests on drinking water supply samples. Certification for non-potable water are required whenever a laboratory performs analytical tests on water other than drinking water.~~

2.3 ~~Environmental Lead: Certification is required for laboratories performing environmental lead analysis in accordance with the "Rules and Regulations for Lead Poisoning Prevention" (R23-24.6-PB) of reference # 7 herein. A certificate for environmental lead analysis shall be issued only to laboratories providing documentation of accreditation through a program recognized by the EPA's National Environmental Lead Laboratory Accreditation Program (e.g. AIHA).~~

2.4 An analytical laboratory shall represent itself in its advertisements, publications, or other forms of communication, as providing only those services for which it is ~~licensed~~ certified and shall not advertise in a manner that tends to mislead the public.

Section 3.0 *Application for License Certification*

3.1 ~~Application for a license certification to establish, conduct, maintain or operate an analytical laboratory laboratory testing of potable water, non-potable water, and environmental lead shall be made to the licensing agency Department on forms provided by the licensing agency for initial licensure certification and for license certification renewal.~~

3.1.1 ~~Applications for a license certification renewal must shall be submitted to the licensing agency Department on or before first day of April prior to the expiration date of the licensespecified by the Department.~~

3.1.2 ~~Each application for license certification and renewal thereof shall contain such information as the licensing agency Department reasonably requires which may include affirmative evidence of ability to comply with the provisions of the Act and the rules and regulations herein.~~

3.1.3 ~~Each application for license certification or renewal thereof as an analytical laboratory must be accompanied with by the non-refundable fee of five hundred dollars (\$500) as described in 3.1.4 (below) for each category for which the laboratory is approved requesting certification, and made payable to the General Treasurer of the State of Rhode Island and submitted to the Department of Health.~~

3.1.4 ~~The annual fee schedule per category for both in-state and out-of-state laboratory certification is as follows:~~

required: administrative	\$ 250
option: potable water-microbiology	\$ 25
option: non-potable water-microbiology	\$ 25
option: potable water-organic chemistry	\$ 50
option: potable water-inorganic chemistry	\$ 25
option: non-potable water-organic chemistry	\$ 50

option: non-potable water-inorganic chemistry \$ 25
option: radiochemistry \$ 50
option: environmental lead \$ 25

Section 4.0 ~~Issuance of a Certificate & Renewal of License~~ **Certification**

4.1 No less than thirty (30) days after receipt of a satisfactorily completed application for initial license; ~~the licensing agency certification, the Department shall issue a license certificate if the applicant meets the requirements of the Act and the rules and regulations herein for certification. Said license, certification, unless sooner suspended or revoked, shall expire by limitation on the 30th day of June, a year following its issuance and may be renewed biennially. December, of every year following the date of certification and shall be renewed annually.~~

~~4.1.1 Certificates shall not be issued to an analytical laboratory located in Rhode Island prior to an inspection and correction of any deficiencies in a manner acceptable to the Department as specified in Section 5.0. Further, said laboratory must comply with the proficiency testing requirements for initial certification as described in Section 16.~~

~~4.1.1 The licensing agency will issue a license~~ 4.1.2 The Department may issue a certificate to an out-of-state laboratory provided the laboratory is:

a) ~~certified by by a federal agency in the categorical specialties the EPA in the analytes and methods it is to perform;~~

or

b) ~~licensed, certified or accredited by the state agency in the state where the laboratory is located, and provided the laws, rules and regulations for licensure, certification or accreditation of said state agency are deemed equivalent to or exceed the laws, rules and regulations herein as determined by the Director of Health. Director.~~

or

~~c) accredited by NELAP for analytes and methods not offered by the state where the laboratory is located, but allowable by these rules.~~

4.2 Analytical laboratories in this state and out-of-state may receive ~~referred~~ samples from another laboratory for examination provided the laboratory is ~~licensed~~ certified in this state pursuant to these rules and regulations and Chapter 23-16.2 of the Rhode Island General Laws, as amended.

4.3 A ~~license certificate~~ shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in the application and shall not be transferable or assignable.

4.4 The ~~license certificate~~ issued to an analytical laboratory shall clearly identify the type of laboratory and those ~~those categorical tests~~ analytes and methods under each category for which the laboratory is ~~certified~~ licensed to provide. Such categories may include:

a) ~~Microbiology~~ pertaining to the following subcategories:

1. Dairy
2. Water
3. Wastes

- ~~_____~~ 4. ~~Foods~~
- ~~_____~~ b) ~~Chemistry~~ pertaining to the following subcategories:
 - ~~_____~~ 1. ~~Inorganic chemistry~~ pertaining to the following subcategories:
 - ~~_____~~ i) ~~Food~~
 - ~~_____~~ ii) ~~Surface water~~
 - ~~_____~~ iii) ~~Air~~
 - ~~_____~~ iv) ~~Waste water~~
 - ~~_____~~ v) ~~Potable water~~
 - ~~_____~~ vi) ~~Sewage~~
 - ~~_____~~ vii) ~~Soil~~
 - ~~_____~~ viii) ~~Dust~~
 - ~~_____~~ ix) ~~Paint chips~~

a) *Potable Water* pertaining to the following subcategories:

- ~~_____~~ 1. ~~Microbiology~~
- ~~_____~~ 2. ~~Organic Chemistry~~
- ~~_____~~ 3. ~~Inorganic Chemistry~~

~~_____~~ b) *Non-Potable Water* pertaining to the following subcategories:

- ~~_____~~ 1. ~~Microbiology~~
- ~~_____~~ 2. ~~Organic chemistry~~ pertaining to the following subcategories:
 - ~~_____~~ i) ~~Food~~
 - ~~_____~~ ii) ~~Surface water~~
 - ~~_____~~ iii) ~~Air~~
 - ~~_____~~ iv) ~~Waste water~~
 - ~~_____~~ v) ~~Potable water~~
 - ~~_____~~ vi) ~~Sewage~~

~~_____~~ c) ~~Bioassay~~

~~_____~~ d) ~~Radiochemistry~~

- ~~_____~~ e) ~~Physical~~
- ~~_____~~ 3. ~~Inorganic Chemistry~~
- ~~_____~~ c) ~~Radiochemistry~~
- ~~_____~~ d) ~~Environmental Lead~~

4.5 A ~~license~~certificate issued hereunder shall be the property of the state and loaned to the ~~licensee~~laboratory and shall be kept posted in a conspicuous place on the ~~licensed~~ premises.

Section 5.0 *Inspections*

5.1 The Director or ~~his duty~~ authorized agent(s) or employees shall at all reasonable times have authority to enter upon any and all parts of the premises on which any analytical laboratory is located and of the premises appurtenant thereto, to make any examination or investigation whatsoever for the purpose of determining compliance with the provisions of the Act and the rules

and regulations herein.

- ~~5.1.1~~ ~~5.2~~ Each analytical laboratory shall be given prompt notice provided a written report by the licensing agency Department of all deficiencies recorded as a result of an inspection or investigation within sixty (60) days of such inspection or investigation.
- ~~5.1.2~~ The analytical laboratory shall provide a plan of corrective action, including expected completion dates for all deficiencies listed on such report within thirty (30) days of receipt.
- ~~5.1.3~~ At the discretion of the Director, a follow-up inspection may be conducted to assure that all deficiencies have been corrected.

Section 6.0 *Denial, Suspension Or Revocation Of License Certificate*

- 6.1 The licensing agency Department may deny, revoke or suspend the license certificate of any analytical laboratory for ~~engaging in conduct by or chargeable to said laboratory as follows that includes but is not limited to:~~
- a) failure to observe any term of such license certification;
 - b) failure to observe any order may made under authority of the Act or under the statutory authority vested in the Department of Health;
 - c) engaging in, aiding, abetting, causing or permitting any action prohibited under the Act;
 - d) failure to comply with any regulations promulgated by the Department of Health regulatory requirement stated herein and any other applicable state or federal regulation or statute;
 - e) ~~making false or deceptive representation on any application for certification or renewal thereof;~~
 - f) failure to maintain professional and competent standards of practice;
 - g) ~~making false or deceptive representation of any testing results and reports thereof;~~
 - h) ~~engaging in false or deceptive advertising;~~
and
 - i) ~~for certified out-of-state laboratories, failure to comply with section 6.4 herein.~~
- 6.2 Lists of deficiencies noted in inspections and investigations conducted by the licensing agency Department shall be maintained on file in the licensing agency Department and shall be considered by the licensing agency Department in rendering determinations to deny, suspend, or revoke the license certificate of an analytical laboratory.

6.3 Whenever action shall be proposed to deny, suspend, or revoke ~~a license the certificate~~ or take another disciplinary action, the ~~licensing agency~~Department shall notify the facility by certified mail setting forth reasons for the proposed action, and the applicant or ~~licensee~~certified laboratory shall be given an opportunity for a prompt and fair hearing in accordance with section 42-35-9 of the General Laws of Rhode Island, as amended, and the ~~Rules and Regulations Governing Practices and Procedures (R42-35-PP)~~regulations cited in reference 5 herein of the Rhode Island Department of Health, pursuant to section 21.0 herein.

6.3.1 However, if the ~~licensing agency~~Department finds that public health, safety and welfare imperatively requires emergency action and incorporates a finding to that effect in its order, the ~~licensing agency~~Department may order summary suspension of ~~licensure~~certification pending proceedings for revocation or other action in accordance with sections 23-1-21 and 42-35-14(c) of the General Laws of Rhode Island, as amended.

~~6.4 **Compliance with the Rules and Regulations** - In addition to those aspects of section 6.1 above, an analytical laboratory in order to maintain its license must:~~

- ~~_____ a) not make false and deceptive representation of any application for licensure or renewal thereof;~~
- ~~_____ b) maintain professional and competent standards of practice;~~
- ~~_____ c) not make false and deceptive representation of any testing results and reports thereof;~~
- ~~_____ d) not engage in false or deceptive advertising.~~

~~6.4 Certified laboratories not located in Rhode Island shall notify the Department of changes in its accreditation, certification, or licensure status within 14 days of receiving a notification of such changes.~~

PART II *Organization & Management*

Section 7.0 *Governing Body & Management*

7.1 Each analytical laboratory shall have a governing body or equivalent legal authority ultimately responsible for: (1) the management and control of the operation; (2) the assurance of the quality of services; (3) the compliance with all federal, state and local laws and regulations; and (4) compliance with other relevant health and safety requirements, including the rules and regulations herein.

Section 8.0 *Director Of Laboratory*Laboratory Management

8.1 Each analytical laboratory shall have a laboratorydirector who shall be responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of the laboratory and to ensure the achievement and maintenance of quality standards of practice. The laboratorydirector shall meet the following minimum qualifications:

- a) be a person of good moral character;

- b) ~~possess an earned~~ has earned from a college or university accredited by a national or regional certifying authority; a doctorate in the ~~chemical or biological or chemical~~ sciences and a minimum of two (2) years analytical laboratory experience; ~~or hold, or has earned~~ a master's degree in the chemical or biological sciences and ~~has a~~ minimum of four (4) years of analytical laboratory experience; ~~or possess, or has earned~~ a bachelors degree in the chemical or biological sciences and has a minimum of five (5) years of analytical laboratory experience.
- i) Exempt from section 8.1 (b) are directors of analytical laboratories ~~which~~that were in operation on the effective date of these regulations (October 25, 1987) and who meet all other qualifications set forth in these rules and regulations.
- ii) ~~Directors of laboratories in municipal waste treatment facilities testing non-potable water for only fecal coliforms, Biochemical Oxygen Demand and total suspended solids shall be deemed to be qualified if they have earned an associate's degree in the biological or chemical sciences and have a minimum of two (2) years of laboratory experience; or they have earned a bachelors degree in the chemical or biological sciences and have a minimum of one (1) year of laboratory experience.~~

8.28.1.1 The director of each analytical laboratory or his/her ~~designated~~designee, supervisor who meets the qualifications of section 8.1 (b) herein shall furthermore be responsible for no less than the following:

- a) to be present on the premises of the laboratory during the hours of operation for a sufficient period of time to ensure adequate and appropriate supervision of laboratory activities;
- b) to ensure the accurate performance of all tests in the laboratory including the submission of appropriate reports on all tests pursuant to section 10.0 herein;
- c) to ensure the supervision of all personnel in the laboratory and for hiring adequately trained personnel commensurate with the workload;
- d) to be available ~~at all times~~ during the hours of operation for personal or telephone consultation with personnel;
- e) to notify the ~~licensing agency~~Department within ten (10) days of any change in laboratory services or ~~supervisory~~ personnel;
- f) to establish and ~~follow~~adhere to written policies and procedures for a comprehensive quality assurance program; and
- g) such other activity as may be deemed appropriate.

~~8.38.1.2~~ In the event the director of the laboratory is absent for a continuous period of time longer than ~~one month~~one-month duration, the laboratory shall not operate unless a person who meets the qualifications of section 8.1 (b) herein is in attendance.

8.2 Quality Assurance Officer

The laboratory director shall designate a quality assurance officer who has the responsibility for the laboratory's quality assurance plan and its implementation. This individual may be an outside consultant or the laboratory director.

8.2.1 Qualifications. The quality assurance officer shall have earned at least a bachelor's degree in a chemical or biological science and two years of related laboratory experience. The quality assurance officer qualifications may be met if the person has previous laboratory quality assurance experience acceptable to the Department in a licensed, certified or accredited laboratory, or possesses other qualifications acceptable to the Department.

8.2.2 Responsibilities. The quality assurance officer shall: be responsible for the oversight of QC data, including establishing acceptance criteria and documenting/monitoring corrective action; where staffing allows, be independent of the technical areas for which he/she has QA oversight; have general knowledge of the methodologies for which data review is performed; have oversight of the laboratory's quality assurance system and conduct or arrange for annual internal audits of the technical operation and report findings to the laboratory director.

Section 9.0 Personnel

9.1 Each analytical laboratory shall employ a sufficient number of qualified personnel commensurate with the workload to ensure that services are provided effectively and safely and in accordance with prevailing laboratory standards and practices.

9.1.1 A job description for each classification of position shall be established, clearly delineating qualifications, duties and responsibilities inherent in each position.

9.1.2 Personnel records shall be maintained for each employee which contain no less than:

- a) current background information pertaining to qualifications, to justify initial and continued employment;
- ~~b)~~ b) orientation, including an initial demonstration of capability for each method and/or instrument the analyst will be performing and/or operating;
- bc) evidence of periodic evaluation of work performance; and
- cd) such other data as may be deemed appropriate.

Section 10.0 Records & Reports

10.1 Each analytical laboratory shall maintain appropriate records and ~~reports which~~ reports, which shall be available for inspection by authorized representatives of the ~~licensing agency~~ Department.

- 10.2 ~~The certified laboratory shall create, control, and maintain records of raw data, chain-of-custody records, calculations, quality control data, and other essential documentation. All records shall be complete with signatures, units of measurement, and documentation sufficient for verification of results. All records shall be retained in such a manner as to permit prompt retrieval. Such records and reports shall include:~~
- a) records of the operation and maintenance of all laboratory equipment;
 - b) records of all sample examinations in accordance with section 13.3 herein;
 - c) records of control values, standard values, ~~standard~~calibration curves and calculations of standard deviations; and
 - d) reports of proficiency testing programs and of such other ~~records~~ as may be deemed necessary.
- 10.3 ~~All records and reports shall clearly indicate which analytes have been analyzed by certified methods and which have not. If a report references a method for which the laboratory is certified, adherence to the method is required. All records and reports including correspondence related to reported results and compliance issues shall be retained a minimum of five (5) years and be available for review.~~
- 10.4 Laboratory reports shall clearly identify the name and address of the laboratory (which may be a subcontracted laboratory) actually performing the test(s), and shall include the results and the date of the reporting.
- 10.5 ~~Multipage reports shall be paginated.~~

PART III ***Quality Assurance Program and Quality Control Programs***

Section 11.0 ***General Requirements***

- 11.1 Each analytical laboratory shall have clearly established internal and external quality controls to ensure high standards of performance and reliability of test results. ~~These quality controls shall consider considering~~ such factors as ~~preventive~~ preventative maintenance, periodic inspection, testing for proper validation of methods, evaluation of reagents and volumetric equipment, surveillance of results, remedial action taken to correct deficiencies and ~~quality control failures and~~ such other equivalent factors as required in these rules and regulations and as may be deemed necessary.
- 11.2 The laboratory ~~shall~~must perform all analyses of samples, ~~the results of which will be used for compliance with state or federal regulations, using methods that are currently approved by the appropriate state or federal regulatory agency. (See Appendix "A" for references and a sample listing of approved methods).~~
- 11.3 ~~The laboratory's quality assurance plan shall be accessible to all personnel in the laboratory. It shall include, but not be limited to:~~

- (a) ~~_____ sampling procedures (if performed by the laboratory);~~
- (b) ~~_____ laboratory sample handling procedures;~~
- (c) ~~_____ instrument calibration procedures;~~
- (d) ~~_____ a list of detailed analytical procedures or analytical references;~~
- (e) ~~_____ data reduction, validation, and reporting procedures including non-compliance action plan;~~
- (f) ~~_____ types and frequency of internal audit samples (quality control samples) and external audit samples (proficiency testing samples);~~
- (g) ~~_____ internal audit procedures and frequency;~~
- (h) ~~_____ preventive maintenance procedures and schedules;~~
- (i) ~~_____ procedures for determining accuracy and precision and method detection limits of all analytes and specified frequency;~~
- (j) ~~_____ control limits and corrective action policies;~~
- (k) ~~_____ laboratory organization, staff, and responsibilities; and~~
- (l) ~~_____ procedures for laboratory data review.~~

~~11.4 The method detection limit (MDL) shall be determined prior to placing a new method in service and annually thereafter for each analyte according to 40 CFR part 136 Appendix B or other such MDL guidance as deemed appropriate by the Department.~~

~~11.4.1 Method Detection Limits determined by the laboratory for analytes in the potable water category must meet the detection limit criteria specified in references (2) and (3) of Appendix "A". If the laboratory cannot meet said criteria for an analyte, a request for a variance must be submitted.~~

~~11.5 The laboratory shall follow the quality control requirements specified in the method. For methodologies described in *Standard Methods*, the applicable quality control procedures shall be required.~~

~~11.6 All applicable quality control activities described in the *EPA Manual for the Certification of Laboratories Analyzing Drinking Water, Fourth Edition* and subsequent editions and amendments thereto, shall be followed and documented. This requirement applies to pertinent non-potable water testing as well.~~

~~Analyses of samples relating to public health or safety (i.e., not for compliance purposes) may be performed by in-house methods established in writing. Evidence must be available that these methods have been verified by the laboratory for precision and accuracy. These methods must~~

~~comply with the quality assurance requirements described herein.~~

Section 12.0 *Procedure Manual*

- 12.1 Each analytical laboratory ~~must~~shall have available, at all times, in the immediate bench area of personnel engaged in conducting analytical laboratory testing, a procedure manual which includes a detailed compilation of all automated and manual methods and procedures for all analytical tests which are performed by the laboratory and for which it is ~~licensed~~certified. Furthermore, such manuals ~~must~~shall:

~~12.1.1 specify the approved method employed;~~

~~12.1.2 describe the quality control activities pertinent to the method;~~

~~12.1.3 contain information concerning preparation and storage of media, reagents, control and calibration procedures and pertinent literature references;~~

~~12.1.4 describe the laboratory's technical procedures for the collection, processing and examination of samples based on current practices;~~

~~12.1.5 for those tests which are normally performed on automated test equipment, provide for alternate methods or for storage of test samples, in the event the automated equipment becomes inoperable; and~~

~~12.1.6 be approved, signed and dated by the current laboratory supervisor/director and the QA Officer. Changes in procedures must be approved, signed, and dated by the current supervisor/director and QA Officer.~~

Section 13.0 *Collection, Identification & Examination Of Samples*

- 13.1 ~~Analytical laboratories. Information that accompanies samples shall be sufficiently detailed to permit positive identification and document chain of custody of the sample. Such information shall contain no less than:~~

~~a) source of the sample;~~

~~b) date of collection; and~~

~~c) such other data as may be deemed necessary.~~

- 13.2 ~~The laboratory shall not accept samples for examination unless there is sufficient documentation to verify proper collection, preservation, and other conditions as prescribed in the relevant methods, and to permit adherence to holding times.~~

- 13.3 ~~The laboratory shall not accept samples for examination without sufficient sample volume to perform the requested analyses.~~

- 13.2 ~~No sample shall be examined if unsuitable for testing as a result of improper collection, improper preservation, apparent spoilage, excessive time lapse between collection and examination or for such other reasons(s) which would render findings of doubtful validity.~~

13.43 Each analytical laboratory shall maintain a record indicating the daily accession of samples, each of which shall be numbered or otherwise appropriately identified. The records of samples shall contain no less than:

- a) the laboratory number or other identification;
- b) the name of the person or analytical laboratory ~~that~~ which submitted the sample;
- c) date of ~~sample collection of sample~~;
- d) ~~date of sample receipt~~;
- e)d) condition of sample upon receipt;
- f)e) ~~the date and type of test requested and performed~~;
- g)f) the results ~~and date of laboratory tests or cross reference to results and date of reporting~~; and
- h)g) the name and address of laboratory to which sample(s) is forwarded ~~in for procedure(s)~~ not performed on the premises.

Section 14.0 ***Other Applicable Regulations***

14.1 An analytical laboratory ~~licensed~~ certified in the category of radiochemistry shall comply with the *Rules and Regulations for the Control of Radiation*, promulgated by the Rhode Island Department of Health; and, ~~must~~ shall obtain, as applicable, the appropriate radioactive materials license from the Office of Occupational and Radiological Health, Rhode Island Department of Health.

~~14.2 A licensed analytical laboratory, which performs the analysis of asbestos, shall comply with the *Rules and Regulations for Asbestos Control*, promulgated by the Rhode Island Department of Health; and, must obtain the appropriate certification from the Office of Occupational and Radiological Health, Rhode Island Department of Health.~~

~~14.3 A licensed analytical laboratory, which performs the analysis of radon, shall comply with the *Rules and Regulations for Radon Control*, promulgated by the Rhode Island Department of Health; and, must obtain the appropriate certification from the Office of Occupational and Radiological Health, Rhode Island Department of Health.~~

Section 15.0 ***Methodologies For Quality Control Proficiency Testing***

~~15.1 Each laboratory establish an acceptable internal program of quality control covering each test performed for the verification and assessment of accuracy, measurement of precision, and detection of error. The factors constituting these provisions shall be based on current acceptable standards of practice.~~

~~15.2 Each analytical laboratory shall be required to successfully participate in an external proficiency testing program for every test performed for which proficiency testing is available.~~

~~—— 15.2.1 The Director shall designate such appropriate proficiency testing program.~~

~~—— 15.2.2 Satisfactory performance shall be determined by the licensing agency based on the passing score for each constituent.~~

~~—— 15.2.3 Failure of performance may be considered grounds for suspension, revocation or other disciplinary action at the discretion of the Director. shall participate in a proficiency testing program approved by the Department for each analyte (or group of analytes) and method for which the laboratory is certified or is requesting certification. Proficiency testing samples~~

shall be procured from a proficiency testing provider approved by NIST/NVLAP.

15.1.1 The laboratory shall analyze a PT sample annually for each analyte and matrix by each method and receive an acceptable evaluation from the PT provider for that analyte/method/matrix, with the following exceptions:

- a) laboratories certified for environmental lead must maintain a proficient status according to their respective accrediting agency;
- b) laboratories must receive an acceptable evaluation for at least 80% of the Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds and 80% of Haloacetic Acids to maintain certification for these analyte groups (as defined in Appendix A, references 3 and 11, respectively);
- c) laboratories certified for potable and non-potable water-microbiology must correctly analyze 90 % of the samples in a shipment with no false negatives for qualitative microbiology proficiency testing, and for quantitative microbiology proficiency testing no more than one of the target organisms in a sample set containing three or more samples may be incorrectly quantified.

15.1.2 Proficiency test results shall be submitted directly from the accredited provider to the certification office by October 31 of each year. The Department shall be designated as the recipient of the laboratory results before the results are available to the laboratory.

15.1.3 Whenever a laboratory receives an unacceptable evaluation for an analyte in a study, it shall determine the cause for the failure, take corrective action, and participate in another PT study for the failed analyte. Documentation of the investigation and corrective action shall be maintained and a copy provided to the Department before the next proficiency testing study.

15.1.4 Failure to complete PT studies or failure to obtain an acceptable result in a PT study as specified in Section 15.1.3 herein shall result in loss of certification for the analyte until two (2) consecutive PT studies resulting in acceptable evaluations have been completed. There shall be an interval of at least thirty (30) days between the two studies.

15.23 All proficiency test samples shall be analyzed in the same manner and frequency as a real environmental sample using the same staff, procedures and equipment.

15.2.1 Laboratories shall not send a PT sample, or a portion thereof, to another laboratory for any analysis for which it is certified or seeks certification.

15.2.2 A laboratory shall not knowingly receive any PT sample, or a portion thereof, from another laboratory for any analysis for which the sending laboratory is certified or seeks certification.

15.2.3 Laboratory management or staff shall not communicate with any individual at another laboratory concerning a PT sample or attempt to obtain the assigned value from their PT provider.

~~15.2.4 All raw data obtained in analyzing PT samples shall be retained and be available for review for a minimum of five (5) years.~~

~~15.34 The use of supplemental PT samples shall be allowed only if the PT provider certifies, in writing, that the PTs meet the criteria specified by the EPA.~~

~~15.45 A laboratory not located in Rhode Island shall be in compliance with the proficiency testing requirements of the state in which it is located.~~

PART IV *Physical Plant And Equipment*

Section 16.0 *Physical Facility, Equipment & Supplies*

16.1 Each analytical laboratory shall be housed in well lighted, sanitary, properly vented quarters equipped with hot and cold running water, toilet facilities and shall contain ample space to process and examine the samples commensurate with the total workload. Furthermore, said analytical laboratories shall:

16.1.1 be in distinct and separate locations from living quarters unless provisions exist for separate entrances, plumbing fixtures;

16.1.2 have ample workbench space, ~~are~~ well lighted and ~~conveniently located to sink~~ have sufficient; water, gas, suction, ~~and electrical outlets and sinks as needed~~;

16.1.3 have adequate and proper storage space for ~~volatile all chemicals including explosive, flammable, corrosive and caustic materials and inflammable solvents, located in non-hazardous areas~~;

~~16.1.4 have flooring composed of non-porous material in laboratory areas where acids, caustics, and solvents are used;~~

~~16.1.45~~ have adequate temperature and humidity controls as may be required for proper performance of tests and operation of instruments affected by variations of ~~temperature environmental conditions~~;

~~16.1.56~~ have ~~adequate voltage levels at electrical supply sources to which analytical equipment is connected, monitored and recorded periodically; and~~

~~16.1.67~~ have adequate refrigeration for samples, standards, and reagents used in testing; (Food for consumption may not be stored in refrigerators containing laboratory materials).

~~16.1.7 have on-hand and readily available on the premises, all equipment, reagents, glassware necessary for the satisfactory performance of the required work; and~~

~~16.1.8 calibrate all precision equipment at regular intervals satisfactory to the surveyor(s) and maintain calibration logs with documentation of calibration. Documentation by a qualified instrumentation service organization may also be deemed acceptable.~~

16.2 The laboratory shall possess suitable equipment required for certified analyses that shall meet the requirements of the methods. All instruments shall be physically located on site.

16.2.1 The laboratory shall have sufficient glassware and plastic labware necessary for the analyses. Glassware shall be borosilicate glass or other corrosion-resistant glass. It shall be free of cracks and chips. Markings and etchings shall be legible. Volumetric flasks, pipettes, and other glassware used for volumetric analysis shall be class "A".

16.2.2 All precision equipment and instruments shall be calibrated and checked for accuracy at regular intervals as required by the method and the laboratory's quality assurance policies. Documentation of calibration and accuracy checks shall be maintained. Records of service by a qualified instrument service organization shall be maintained.

16.2.3 Balances:

a) Balance range and sensitivity shall be appropriate for the application for which it is used. Balances shall be kept clean and free of corrosion and spillage and shall be checked daily with weights meeting ASTM Type I, Class 1 or 2 specifications with values that bracket the laboratory's weighing needs. Records shall be maintained that include acceptance criteria for the checks. ASTM weights shall be recalibrated every five (5) years or immediately if nicked or corroded. Non-reference weights may be used but shall be calibrated every six (6) months against ASTM type 1, 2 or 3 weights.

b) All balances shall be calibrated annually by a professional balance service.

16.2.4 All incubators, refrigerators, ovens and waterbaths shall contain calibrated thermometers.

16.2.5 Thermometer range and graduation increments should be appropriate for the application for which it is used. Glass thermometers shall be checked for accuracy annually, and other types of thermometers quarterly, by comparing with a NIST traceable thermometer at the temperatures of interest. Thermometers shall be tagged with the date of accuracy check and the correction factor (may be zero). There shall be no separation in the liquid column of glass thermometers.

16.3 Laboratories shall have supplies of sufficient quality available for analysis. Factors include but shall not be limited to:

16.3.1 Analytical reagent grade chemicals are required for analyses unless otherwise allowed or specified by the analytical method.

16.3.2 Microbiology media. Bottles of dehydrated media shall be dated when received and dated when opened. Media shall not be used beyond the manufacturer's expiration date or within one (1) year from opening, whichever is sooner. It shall be discarded immediately if caked or otherwise deteriorated. Prepared, prepackaged media are permitted.

16.3.3 Plastic labware. All plastic labware used for microbiology shall be clear and non-toxic.

16.3.4 Reagent water.

a) For chemical analyses, reagent water for general use shall be distilled or deionized and have a resistivity value greater than 0.5 megohms/cm or a conductivity value of less than 2 microhms/cm at 25°C. Quality checks shall be made according to specified analytical method requirements, but at least monthly, with a conductivity meter. All such quality checks shall be recorded.

b) For microbiological analyses, reagent water shall meet all criteria listed in the following table:

PARAMETER	LIMITS	FREQUENCY
resistivity	> 0.5 megohms/cm	monthly
<u>or</u>		
conductivity	< 2 micromhos/cm	monthly
Pb, Cd, Cr,	< 0.05 mg/L per	annually
Cu, Ni, Zn	contaminant and	
	< 0.1 mg/L total	
total chlorine	none detectable	monthly
residual		
heterotrophic	< 500/mL	monthly
plate count		
bacteriological	ratio of growth rate: 0.8 to 3.0	annually
quality of	(see Standard Methods, Section	
reagent water.	9020B. This test is not required if	
	laboratories use water that meets	
	the criteria for Types I and II	
	water as defined in Standard	
	Methods, section 1080).	

16.3.5 All reagents and solutions shall be labeled to indicate identity, concentration, storage requirements, expiration dates and any other pertinent information.

16.3.6 All reagents and solutions shall be dated when received and opened. No materials shall be used beyond their expiration dates.

16.3.7 All laboratory prepared reagents and solutions must be labeled with preparation and expiration dates. No laboratory prepared materials shall be used beyond their expiration dates.

Section 17.0 ~~Fire & Safety & Security~~

17.1 Adequate ~~fire and safety and security~~ precautions shall be established and maintained. Safety instructions shall be present in a laboratory safety manual for the protection of personnel from physical, chemical and biological hazards. The laboratory safety manual shall include applicable programs for the protection of employees as outlined in the *Code of Federal Regulations* (29

CFR Part 1910), including, but not limited to, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards for bloodborne pathogens, hazard communication, and occupational exposure to hazardous chemicals in laboratories.

17.1.1 Personnel ~~will~~ shall be given a safety orientation reviewing policies and procedures in the safety manual.

~~17.1.2 Samples, standards, reagents, solvents, acids, chemicals and data must be kept in restricted access areas.~~

~~17.1.3 The laboratory must supervise visitors, repairmen, and maintenance workers in restricted areas.~~

Section 18.0 *Waste Disposal*

18.1 ~~Infectious~~ *Medical Waste:*

~~Infectious~~ Medical waste as defined in the *Rules and Regulations Governing the Generation, Transportation, Storage, Treatment, Management & Disposal of Regulated Medical Waste in Rhode Island (DEM-DAH-MW-01-92)* of the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management shall be managed in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned regulations.

18.2 ~~Hazardous~~ *Waste:*

~~Hazardous waste as defined in the *Rules and Regulations for Hazardous Waste Management of the Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management* shall be managed in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned regulations.~~

18.23 *Other Waste:*

Wastes, which are not classified as ~~infectious medical waste or~~ hazardous wastes or which are not otherwise regulated by law or rule, may be disposed in dumpsters or load packers provided the following precautions are maintained:

- a) Dumpsters shall be tightly covered, leak proof, inaccessible to rodents and animals, and placed on concrete slabs preferably graded to a drain. Water supply shall be available within easy accessibility for washing down of the area. In addition, the pickup schedule shall be maintained with more frequent pickups when required. The dumping site of waste materials must be in sanitary landfills approved by the Department of Environmental Management.
- b) Load packers must conform to the same restrictions required for dumpsters and in addition, load packers shall be:
 - i) high enough off the ground to facilitate the cleaning of the underneath areas of the

stationary equipment; and

- ii) the loading section shall be construed and maintained to prevent rubbish from blowing from said area site.

PART V *Practices & Procedures, Violations & Severability*

Section 19.0 *Variance Procedure*

- 19.1 The ~~licensing agency~~Department may grant a variance either upon its own motion or upon request of the applicant from the provisions of any rule or regulation in specific instances where it is found that literal enforcement of such provisions will result in unnecessary hardship to the applicant and such variance will not be contrary to federal regulations, the public interest, public health, or health and safety of individuals.
- 19.2 A request for variance shall be made in writing, setting forth in detail the basis of the request.
- ~~19.3~~ ~~19.2.1~~ Upon filing of such request with the ~~Department~~ licensing agency and within ~~thirty (30) days~~ a reasonable ~~thereafter~~time thereafter, the ~~licensing agency~~Department shall notify the applicant by certified mail of its approval, or in case of a denial, a hearing date, time, and place may be scheduled if the applicant appeals the decision.

Section 20.0 *Violations*

- 20.1 In addition to revocation or suspension of ~~licenses~~certificates granted, any person who violates the statutory or regulatory provisions herein shall be subject to the sanctions of section 23-16.2-13 of the General Laws of Rhode Island, as amended.

Section 21.0 *Rules Governing Practices & Procedures*

- 21.1 All hearings and reviews required under the provision of the rules and regulations herein should be held in accordance with the *Rules and Regulations Governing the Practices and Procedures Before the Rhode Island Department of ~~Health~~(Health (R42-35-PP)) Health and Access to Public Records of the Department of Health of reference #5 herein (R42-35-PP)*.

Section 22.0 *Severability*

- 22.1 If any provisions of these rules and regulations or the application thereof to any persons or circumstances shall be held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the provisions or application of the rules and regulations which can be given effect, and to this end the provisions of the rules and regulations are declared to be severable.

APPENDIX "A"

a) Potable Water:

Laboratories must perform all certified analyses in accordance with the current methods specified in the appropriate edition of and referenced below and are hereby incorporated by reference:

- (1) Coliform: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart C - Monitoring and Analytical Requirements, §141.21 Microbiological contaminant sampling and analytical requirements and subsequent amendments and additions thereto.
- (2) Inorganic chemicals: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart C - Monitoring and Analytical Requirements, §141.23 Inorganic chemical sampling and analytical requirements and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.
- (3) Organic chemicals other than trihalomethanes: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart C - Monitoring and Analytical Requirements, §141.24 Organic chemicals other than trihalomethanes, sampling and analytical requirements and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.
- (4) Trihalomethanes: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart C - Monitoring and Analytical Requirements, §141.30 Total trihalomethanes sampling, analytical and other requirements and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.
- (5) Sodium: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart E - Special Regulations, §141.41 Special monitoring for sodium and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.
- (6) Corrosivity characteristics: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart E - Special Regulations, §141.42 Special monitoring for corrosivity characteristics and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.
- (7) Filtration and disinfection parameters: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart H - Filtration and Disinfection, §141.74 Analytical and monitoring requirements and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.
- (8) Lead and copper: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart I - Control of Lead and Copper, §141.89 Analytical methods and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.
- (9) Additional inorganics and organics: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart E - Special Regulations, §141.40 Special monitoring for inorganic and organic contaminants and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.

- ~~(10) Secondary Analytes: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 143 – National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations, §143.4 Monitoring and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.~~
- ~~(11) Disinfection By-products: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart L- Disinfection Residuals, Disinfection Byproducts and Disinfection Byproducts Precursors, §141.131 Analytical requirement and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.~~
- ~~(12) Radionuclides: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141 Subpart C, § 141.25 Analytical methods for radioactivity and subsequent amendments and additions thereof.~~
- ~~(13) UCMR analytes: Title 40 CFR Chapter I Part 141, section 141.40 Monitoring requirements for unregulated contaminants and subsequent amendments and additions thereof~~

~~(b) Non-Potable Water~~

~~All certified analyses of compliance monitoring samples shall be performed according to the methods described or referenced in 40 CFR Chapter I Part 136 section 136.3, Appendix A, Appendix B, Appendix C and Appendix D and subsequent amendments and additions thereof which is hereby incorporated by reference.~~

~~The required methodologies referenced above can be found in:~~

- *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*, American Public Health Association, 18th edition, 1992, and subsequent additions, 1015 Fifteenth Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20005.
- *Methods for the Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes*, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-600/4-79-020, March 1983.
- *Methods for the Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Wastewater*, USEPA, EMSL, Cincinnati, OH, EPA 600/4-82-057.
- ~~*Air Pollution Methods*, as published in the *Federal Register* as *Reference for Equivalent Methods* by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, CFR 40, Parts 53--60, July 1988. U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.~~
- ~~*Standard Methods for the Examination of Dairy Products*, 16th edition, 1992 APHA, 1015 Fifteenth Street, NW, Washington, D.C. 20005.~~
- ~~*The Compendium of Methods for the Microbiological Examination of Foods*, APHA, Washington, D.C.~~

- ~~SW-846 Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Third edition (1986) and updates. Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, Washington, D.C. 20460.~~

REFERENCES

1. Rules & Regulations Governing the Generation, Transportation, Storage, Treatment, Management & Disposal of Regulated Medical Waste in Rhode Island (DEM-DAH-MW-01-92), Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management, April 1994. Available online: <http://www.state.ri.us/dem/pubs/regs/REGS/WASTE/medwaste.pdf>
2. Rules & Regulations for the Control of Radiation (R23-1.3-RAD), Rhode Island Department of Health, June 1995, Sept 2004, and subsequent amendments thereto. Available online: http://www.rules.state.ri.us/rules/released/pdf/DOH/DOH_3166.pdf
3. Rules & Regulations for Radon Control (R23-61-RC), Rhode Island Department of Health, August 1994, and subsequent amendments thereto. Available online: http://www.rules.state.ri.us/rules/released/pdf/DOH/DOH_144_.pdf and
4. Rules & Regulations for Asbestos Control (R23-24.5-ASB), Rhode Island Department of Health, February, 1992, December 1996 and subsequent amendments thereto. Available online: http://www.rules.state.ri.us/rules/released/pdf/DOH/DOH_107_Rules_And_Regulations_For.pdf.
5. Rhode Island Department of Health Governing the Practices and Procedures Before the Rhode Island Department of Health and Access to Public Records of the Department of Health (R42-35-PP) April 2004 and subsequent amendments thereto. Available online: http://www.rules.state.ri.us/rules/released/pdf/DOH/DOH_2945.pdf
6. Rules and Regulations Pertaining to Public Drinking Water (R46-13-DWQ), Rhode Island Department of Health, January 2003 and subsequent amendments thereto. Available online: http://www.rules.state.ri.us/rules/released/pdf/DOH/DOH_2427.pdf
7. Rules and Regulations for Lead Poisoning Prevention (R23-24.6-PB,) Rhode Island Department of Health, November 2001 and subsequent amendments thereto. Available online: http://www.rules.state.ri.us/rules/released/pdf/DOH/DOH_152_.pdf
8. Rules and Regulations for Hazardous Waste Management, Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management, December 2002, and subsequent amendments thereto. Available online: <http://www.state.ri.us/dem/pubs/regs/REGS/WASTE/HWREGS02.PDF>
9. Regulations for the Rhode Island Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management, February 2003, and subsequent amendments thereto. Available online: <http://www.state.ri.us/dem/pubs/regs/REGS/WATER/ripdes03.pdf>

